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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta *Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi*

VOL. XXXII NO. 152 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JUNE 27, 1944 Price: 2 Annas

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3,400 Prisoners Taken In Cherbourg Area

Nazis Put Up Bitter Resistance; Railway Network In Normandy Bombed

From Reuter's Special Correspondent with the United States forces (Monday morning).

The United States Field Headquarters said this morning that all organised resistance in and around Cherbourg has ended. Small German pockets have continued to give violent resistance in some areas.

SHAEF: It is learned at SHAEF to-night that some Allied armour has got through to the waterfront in Cherbourg and some troops are in the docks. The Americans hold one third of the city and all divisions have forward elements fighting in the streets.

In 24 hours ending 6 a.m. this morning 3,400 prisoners had been taken in the Cherbourg area. More than 20,000 prisoners have now been taken since the original landing.

The German-European radio service in French reported at 7-15 a.m. to-day that "After resistance of unheard of violence by German defenders, the fortress of Cherbourg fell on the 25th of June at 21-00 hours."

But the German News Agency at 7-15 a.m. was still denying the report that Cherbourg had fallen. They repeated the denial at 8 a.m.

Earlier at 6-15 a.m. the German Overseas News Agency said: "The latest report received in Berlin from Cherbourg says that vicious house-to-house fighting is taking place inside the city."

Day Of Fierce Fighting

The S.H.A.E.F. "communique" this morning stated:—

During a day of fierce fighting with support of naval bombardment, enemy strong points were reduced one by one and the town was entered at many points simultaneously. Mopping up of other portions of the original outer defences continues.

In the eastern sector our progress in Fontenay area was maintained and our positions were further strengthened. Further enemy counter-attacks near Saint Honorine were beaten back.

Our air forces continued their attacks on the enemy's supply system during the afternoon and evening yesterday and also gave immediate support to the land and naval forces assaulting Cherbourg.

The railway network east and south of Normandy was subjected to many attacks. Targets included railway yards at Dreux and Chartres and bridges and embankments in the same area. Airfields at Bretigny and Villagoublay were bombed and a large formation of medium bombers attacked supply dumps in the Senonches area with good results.

Enemy opposition was on limited scale yesterday, though flak was intense at many points. Troops concentrations south of Caen were bombed last night.

"Splendid" Progress

From Reuter's special correspondent with British forces in Normandy (noon Monday):

The biggest barrage since the bridgehead was opened three weeks ago was laid down by hundreds of British and Canadian medium and heavy field guns to-day when British infantry resumed their attack between Caen and Tilly. "We have got cracking now and the attack is going satisfactorily," said a Staff Officer. Every gun on this sector joined in the barrage which began early to-day. "We have gun superiority" said the Staff Officer.

The battle is still in its earliest stages but with Allied tanks committed and with the superiority in armour we possess the progress is described as "first class and absolutely splendid.—Reuter.

24,000 PRISONERS

Fifth Army troops captured another thousand prisoners during the last few days and their total in this offensive is now over 24,000.

'Flying Bombs' Shot Down

LONDON, June 26.

Flying bombs were over southern England again this morning and early afternoon. Last night they appeared to be operating on a slightly increased scale. Several were shot down into the sea and on to fields.—Reuter.

****

IN BATTLE-SCARRED CHERBOURG

From Reuter's Special Correspondent with the United States forces in Cherbourg (Monday).

Cherbourg was battle-scarred and smoking from night-long fires when American troops entered in force to-day after more than 24 hours fighting in the suburbs which terminated their four-day ten-mile drive. This city, one of Europe's great fortresses and the pearl of translatlantic ports of call, which is falling to American troops to-day, is a bloody testimony to the Wehrmacht's stubbornness. The Americans are at present holding a portion of the city and only occasional German pockets of resistance are holding out.

I entered the town with the first strong American column at 6 a.m. and 50 minutes later after hard house-to-house street-to-street fighting it reached the sea. As I write this dispatch from a shattered saw mill overlooking the harbour and the adjacent smoking ruins of Amiot aircraft factory some German units are still holding out desparately.

RESISTING TO THE LAST MAN!

Less than 100 yards down the road running parallel to the harbour there is a nest of at least four German pillboxes with walls more than four feet thick and they are stubbornly resisting to the last man. The Americans are, however, quietly mopping up and from the window I hear the thunder or passing tanks, the rapid fire from machine-guns and explosives from grenades and torpedoes.

Cherbourg was one of the Germans great defeats since it cost them thousands of dead and wounded plus the city itself and its important harbour. There is no doubt the Germans are fighting a last-ditch stand. Despite driving rain entire sections of the city are still smouldering from the thunderous German demolitions which, according to the civilians, have been going on for at least ten days. In every street there are snipers and machine-gunners hidden in houses and attics. A pall of black smoke has been hanging over the city for at least twelve hours as a result of the great fires raging in the docks and arsenal. Though the Germans are fighting to death satellite troops are giving themselves up by hundreds. The regiment in which I came in alone took over five hundred prisoners within thirty minutes this morning.—Reuter.

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In Italy

PIOMBINO CAPTURED

Germans In Full Retreat

ALLIED HEADQUARTERS, ITALY June 26:

The Fifth Army captured the port and town of Piombino, less than fifty miles from Leghorn.

Reuter adds Piombino harbour, situated at the sothern tip of the small peninsula opposite Elba, is less than fifty miles from Leghorn.

From Reuter's Special Correspondent at Allied Headquarters in Italy (Monday).

The Germans who are now in full retreat along the coast, precipitated by the fall of Fallonica, found Piombino untenable. The Eighth Army is now over halfway from Grosseto to Siena while along the Adriatic Chienti has been crossed in resumption of the advance.—Reuter.

750 Bombers Raid Vienna

The United Nations (Algiers) radio to-night announced that 750 Mediterranean-based bombers to-day bombed Vienna.—Reuter.

Bombay Women's Association

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi was re-elected Chairman of the Bombay Women's Association at its annual general meeting held on Saturday.

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NAWAB BAHADUR YAR JUNG DEAD

Founder President Of A- I. States Muslim League

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) June 25.

The death occurred here to-night of Bahadur Khan, formerly Nawab Bahadur Yar Jung, President of the All-India States Muslim League and Hyderabad State Ittihadul Muslimeen.

Bahadur Khan died of heart failure, while attending a party given by Justice Hashim Ali Khan at Panjira Hills. He was aged 41.

Further details of Bahadur Khan's death show that he collapsed at 9 p.m. while smoking in a car at Justice Hashim Ali Khan's bungalow. Doctors including Colonel Waghray, Director of the Medical Department, Nizam's Government, arrived on the spot soon afterwards, but they declared that life was already extinct.

Bahadur Khan is survived by his wife and two brothers.

TRIBUTES

Expressing grief at the death of Bahadur Khan, Swami Ramanadi Tirth former President of the Hyderabad State Congress says:

"The sudden death of Mohammed Bahadur Khan will be received with the deepest sorrow by all sections of the people in the State. By dint of his courage and indomitable will he had earned an abiding place in the hearts of his co-religionists.

Politically we were poles apart, but I have nothing but admiration for the departed soul. I join his countless admirers in praying that his soul may rest in peace."—A.P.

Corporation Adiourns

The Municipal Corporation adjourned on Monday without transacting any business as a mark of respect to the memory of Nawab Yarjung Bahadur whose death took place in the early hours of Monday morning. The deceased was the President of the All-India States Muslim League and was popularly known as Bahadurkhan. Mrs. Shuffi Tyebji moved adjournment of the house which was seconded by Mr. M. O. E Patel and carried unanimously. The House then adjourned till Thursday. Mr. Nagindas T. Master, Mayor, presided.

CITY MUSLIMS HONOUR DEATH OF YAR JUNG

BOMBAY, June 26.

As a mark of respect to Nawab Bahadur Yar Jung, all Muslim schools and all Muslim business quarters have closed down today.

LATE NAWAB BAHADUR YAR JUNG.—On account of sad and sudden demise of Nawab Bahadur Yar Jung, President, All-India States Muslim League, under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League a public meeting of the Mussalmans of Bombay will be held to-day (Tuesday), at 10 p.m (S T) at Kaiser Baug, Dongri Bombay to mourn the death of Nawab Bahadur Yar Jung, President, All-India States Muslim League. Mr. I. M. Clundrigar will preside.

Bitter Fighting Continues At Mogaung

KANDY, June 26.

The "S.E.A.C." "communique" today said "mopping up continued west and east of the Kohima-Imphal road. Enemy parties are disorganised and appear in bad physical condition. The Japanese 58th regiment and one battalion of the 124th regiment were practically wiped out. Twenty miles north of Imphal, a Sikh battalion inflicted severe casualties on the enemy and captured much equipment.

On the Ukhrul road, enemy holds positions, north of milestone 17. We repulsed four night attacks on 'Sausage' feature in this neighbourhood. Enemy casualties are estimated at least 100 killed.

East of Palel, a battalion of the Fifth Rajput Rifles captured a feature known as "lone tree hill" and repulsed a series of determined attacks with severe loss to the enemy.

Bitter fighting continues at Mogaung, where Chinese troops now hold the southern half of the town. General Lentaigne's Chindits penetrated 400 yards into the town and their positions are astride the railroad on the east.

In Myitkyina, Chinese troops made progress on the west side and American troops advancing from the north along Radhapur road have nearly effected a junction with the Chinese."

With artillery and mortar support the Japanese attacked one of our positions on the Silchar track three miles west of Bishenpur but were repulsed with heavy loss.

Chinese troops have continued their advance south from Kamaing.

Mrs. Naidu Leaves For Hyderabad

Bombay, Monday.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu left for Hyderabad by the Madras Express today. Prior to her departure she told a "Sentinel" representative that she intended taking complete rest since the condition of her heart has not been good. She would of course be breaking her rest in case her presence was needed by Gandhiji

STOP PRESS

Ordinance For Relief Of Victims Of Bombay Explosion

SIMLA, June 26.

The United Press learns that an ordinance is being shortly issued to give effect to the decisions of the Central Government regarding compensation to insured and uninsured sufferers in the Bombay explosion and fire It is understood the object seems to be to settle claims before the year runs out. In this connection Mr. Shiva A. Lal Secretary, Legislative Department and Mr. N. Sundersan, Deputy Secretary, Finance Department, have been discussing here the issues involved with the Finance and Law Members.—United Press.

Is Congress Crushed?

What Govt. Should Do

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, June 26

"Is Congress crushed?" That is how Gandhiji is said to have interrupted a visitor while the latter was narrating to the Mahatma the official claims to have crushed the Congress and its "August Rebellion".

Regarding suggestions in certain circles that in view of his unconditional release by the Government, it was his turn now to take the next step, informed circles point out that if Government wants Gandhiji to do something likewise, it is only just and proper that they should create a helpful atmosphere by agreeing to the demands he put forth from Aga Khan Palace and which are believed to have repeated even after his release. It is suggested that Government should abandon their view of the A. I. C. C. resolution of August, 1942 and should look at it in the light of the convincing case put forward by Gandhiji.

Leaders To See Mahatma At Panchgani

POONA, June 26.

Several prominent leaders including the Rt. Hon. Mr. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Dr. M. R. Jayakar and Sir S. Radhakrishnan, it is understood, will see Mahatma Gandhi at Panchgani.

Besides those whom Mahatma Gandhi had himself invited, many other leaders who sought interviews with him have been asked to see him while at Panchgani, as his stay in Poona was mainly intended for rest.

Sir H. P. Mody who saw Mahatma Gandhi twice at Juhu, it is understood, may again see him at Panchgani.—A. P.

C. R. Leaving For Poona To See Gandhiji

MADRAS, June 26.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar is leaving for Poona to see Gandhiji as at present arranged on June 28 and reach there the next day. He is likely to stay there with Gandhiji for few days.

In this connection it may be recalled that Mr. Pyarelal had invited Rajaji to go and stay with Gandhiji but the latter was waiting to see Gandhiji completely restored to health.—United Press.

Kelkar's Suggestion

POONA, June 26.

Mr. N. C. Kelkar conveyed the following brief opinion to Mahatma Gandhi in reply to latter's letter with the copy of the Gandhi-Viceroy correspondence.

"Both the Congress and the Government should let the by-gones be by-gones. The Government should immediately release all prominent Congress leaders who are still under detention. In that case you, Mahatmaji and all other Congress leaders will be able to come together, think over the whole situation and exchange views. The conclusion or resolution you will arrive at after this common consultation can alone throw light on this correspondence."—United Press.

Khaksar Deputation To Wait Upon Gandhiji

LUCKNOW, June 26.

Inquiries made by the Orient Press from the Khaksar Circles reveal that Allama Mashriqi has sent orders for Provincial Khaksar Organisation asking them to keep ready for proceeding to Poona and to meet Gandhiji in deputation, for exerting his influence on him to come to terms with Muslims in order to bring about communal harmony

Allama will first meet Mr. Jinnah and failing to convince him the utility of his contact with Gandhiji he will proceed to Poona. The U.P. batch consisting about 15 Khaksars is waiting for a call from the Allama to proceed on his peace mission.—Orient Press.

Associate Themselves With Gandhiji On Withdrawal Question

NEW DELHI, June 26.

More than a hundred released Congressmen of Delhi met in a Conference with Lala Deputymal Jain, the veteran Congressman of Delhi, in the Chair to discuss the present political situation in the country. After discussions covering political, economic and social conditions of the country the meeting associated itself wholeheartedly with Mahatma Gandhi on the question of the withdrawal of the August Resolution of the Congress.

The meeting acknowledged the heroic sacrifices made by thousands of men and women of the country as a result of the policy pursued by the Government following the arrest of the national leaders in August, 1942.—United Press.

Madras Congressmen Confer

MADRAS, June 26

About thirty Congressmen including some members of the A.I.C.C. and the P.C.C. met at Tiruchengode on June 23 and 24 informally and discussed the present political situation and the problems facing the country. They decided to convene a fuller and representative meeting of Congressmen from Tamilnad in some central place by middle of July and place before that meeting the subjects discussed at this informal meeting.

It is decided to constitute an 'ad hoc' committee consisting of Mrs. Rukhmini Lakshminathi, Vice-President of the Tamil Nad Congress Committee, Mr. Muthuranga Mudaliar, Mr. T. S Avinashlingam Chettiar, M.L.A. (Central), Mr. V. T. Muniswami Pillai and Dr. P. Subbaroyan, former Ministers and ten others.—United Press.

PARLAKIMEDI ON ORISSA TANGLE

Circumstances That Led To Premier's Resignation

CUTTACK, June 26.

Maharaja of Parlakimedi in a statement to the Press clarified two issues which led him to resign He says, "I favoured the release of the anti-Fascist political prisoners gradually, and to hold general elections in the self-governing institution, but opposition of Pundit Godavaris Misra became gradually unbearable in these and other matters. The principle of joint responsibility and joint advice to the Governor was thus destroyed. In these circumstances my motive would be clearly understood by all."

MISRA'S STATEMENT

Pundit Godavaris Misra in a statement has said that "the differences between the Maharaja and myself arose in the end of 1943 on the situation in the province. At that time the scarcity of food in Orissa was regarded as trifling by the Maharaja who clung to the opinion that those who were dying from starvation in Orissa were not Oriyas, but people from Bengal and Madras who had come to Orissa. The Maharaja thought it as a source of pride to export foodstuffs from Orissa when scarcity in Orissa was being keenly felt. People who came to Orissa to examine the food situation also noticed the difference of opinion between the Maharaja and myself. The Maharaja asked us to sign papers wherein the responsibility for food situation was equally shared by ourselves and our colleague, Mr. A. S. Khan. It is said that I opposed the accepted principle of the Government to release the political prisoners. Th's is incorrect. I always held all Assembly members should be released at least to make Assembly work go on smoothly.—Orient Press.

PURI: That there is every prospect of his rendering service to Orissa in support of war effort and to solve the food problem of the country in his present capacity with a stable Ministry of homogeneity of thoughts and action, is the feeling expressed by the Maharaja of Parlakimedi in a statement issued after interviewing His Excellency the Governor yesterday.

In a statement to the Press Pandit Godavaris Misra, Finance Minister, says that during Mr. A. S. Khan's and his interview with the Governor on June 24 the present situation in the Province was discussed in all its aspects.

"We assured His Excellency", says Pandit Misra, "that with the materials in our possession we felt confident that there would be no necessity for a constitutional deadlock as apprehended in some quarters. We are meeting His Excellency again on the 29th instant."—United Press.

JOSHI'S TIP TO PARLAKIMEDI

Meet Gandhiji And Congress Leaders And Seek Their Support

BOMBAY, June 26

Mr. P. C Joshi, General Secretary, Communist Party of India, in a statement says that the Raja of Parlakimedi is mobilising support to form another ministry through which he can pursue unhampered policy of release of detenus and popular support for food procurement Mr. Joshi says it would be a calamity if Orissa is run under Section 93. It would perpetuate the detention of Congressmen and make a second famine inevitable. The Communist party will do all it can to prevent this The Communist party, he continues, is prepared to support a ministry formed by the Raja of Parlakimedi if it pledges itself to work for the release of Congress and Communist detenus and take steps against administrative corruption. He suggests that the Raja should meet Mr. Gandhi and Congress leaders and seek their support and co-operation.—A. P.

HORRIBLE ACCIDENT

304 Labourers Killed In House Collapse

SHILLONG, June 24.

Three hundred and eleven persons died when a building in which labourers were resting collapsed at Karimpur Tea Estate, in southern Sylhet.

A Press Note issued by the Government of Assam says that a number of labourers who were halting on the estate on their way to work in other parts of Assam were housed in this building when a rain storm broke suddenly a large number of others rushed into the building for shelter. During the storm the house collapsed and 304 persons were killed on the spot. Of the 97 who were removed to hospital in Sylhet, some seven have since died.—A. P.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK COTTON (OCTOBER.)

New York, June 26.

Previous Closing	21.05
To-day's Opening	21.01
Difference	—4

To-day's Closing not received.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, June 26.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

General Motors dol. 64-5/8.
Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted.
United States Steel Common dol. 57-3/4.
United States Steel preference unquoted.

CHEQUES CLEARED.

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 23rd June, 1944, were as under:—

Number of Cheques: 144862.
Amount of Cheques: 40,88,70,931-11-9.

REDS ON MARCH ALONG 250-MILE FRONT

Fighting Street Battle In Vitebsk, Kill 8,000 Nazis In 2 Days

MOSCOW, June 25.

Street fighting is taking place in Vitebsk, says tonight's (Sunday's) Soviet communique. Five German infantry divisions are encircled. About 8,000 Germans killed and over 700 taken prisoners in two days' fighting.

Reuter's Special Correspondent says: The Red Army of 1944—battle-hardened brilliantly led and equipped with a host of new weapons is driving westwards on the 250 mile front through and for White Russia.

The German line is in tatters from Vitebsk to the south-west of Zhlobin. Vitebsk itself is isolated. This blow being delivered with a force that sets the whole front quivering well to the north and to the south of the battle zone.

The Germans are fighting like tigers, for White Russia protects the approaches to the Reich. But every thrust through their lines that the Germans are able to hold is followed by a crack in the neighbouring sector and German reserves are switched backwards and forwards in desperate attempts to keep up with the tempo and placing of the Soviet attacks.

The Red Army's thrust cover a wide front and threaten Vitebsk, Orsha, Mogilev, and Bobruisk as first objectives. They all have the same general direction— towards Minsk which is the capital of the White Russian Republic and the junction of two great trunk railway lines from Smolensk and Gomel.

Rapid hammer blows from Bagramyan's first Baltic front to Rokossovsky's first White Russian front followed each other like an orchestra tuning up and there are signs that they may merely be an overture to a grand symphony of war extending well to the south.

SOVIET TANKS BREAK THROUGH FINNISH POSITIONS

LONDON, June 26.

The Finnish 'communique' to-day reported that Soviet tank forces had broken through Finnish positions between Viborg Bay and Tali at two points.

Tito's Partisans Inflict Heavy Losses On Nazis

The Yugoslav Radio, quoting Marshal Tito's 'communique' to-day stated that the Partisans have penetrated into the suburbs of Ogulin, 55 miles south-west of Zagreb, where the Germans are suffering heavy losses. Fierce fighting is reported north-east of Fiume where the Germans are receiving reinforcements.

In Eastern Bosnia the Partisans continued their successful offensive between Tuzla and Svornik about 70 miles south-west of Belgrade. The Germans have moved up a Bulgarian division with tanks and aircraft in the Jbalonicaa sector of Serbia where the Partisans have been resisting successfully for seven days.—Reuter.

DEWEY'S NOMINATION ALMOST CERTAIN

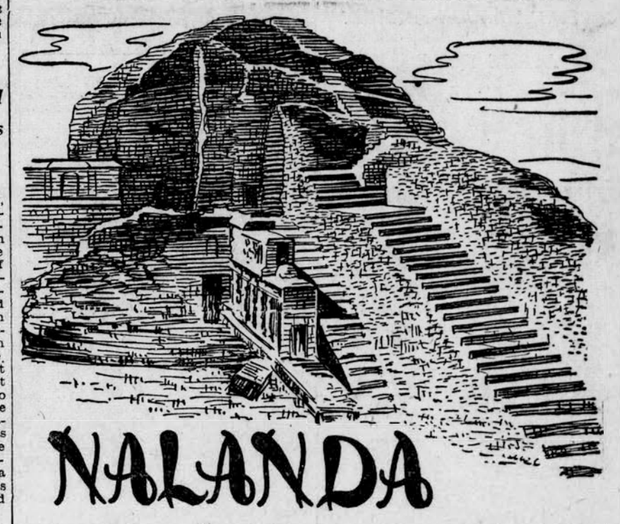
CHICAGO, June 25.

The nomination of Governor Thomas Dewey of New York as Republican Presidential candidate was rendered certain today as delegations from the largest states in the republican convention here placed their support behind Mr. Dewey after Caucus meetings which had been going on all day.—Reuter.

Capture Of Marianas In Sight

NEW YORK, June 26.

A cable from the battlefront today said, United States troops captured Mount Tapotchau on Monday morning and held it against counter-attacks. The victory gave high-ranking officers here every confidence that the capture of the whole of the Marianas chain is imminent.



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Nalanda makes one think with wonder of the amazing achievements of our ancestors, who, inspite of many handicaps, shaped history.

Paper, the chief medium for the spread of knowledge was not in use then, and one can only imagine what miracles would have been performed if paper were available.

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ALSO . . . First Pictures of the Allied Invasion and Landing Operations in Normandy
(Free List Suspended.)

ALL-INDIA WEATHER CHART

POONA, June 26.—Following is the weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at eight hours on 23rd June 1944:—

Allahabad 107 86 0, BOMBAY 91 82 0, Calcutta 100 83 0, Cawnpore 107 86 0, Cuttack 102 86 0, Darjeeling 71 58 1.0, Delhi 106 85 0, Dehradun 97 83 0, Jacobabad 121 88 0, Karachi 89 81 0, Lahore 115 84 0, Patna 101 84 0, Peshawar 110 83 0, Shillong 77 62 0.3, Simla 78 67 0.—A. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

One man with a conviction will overwhelm a hundred who have only opinions.

—Alfred G. Gardiner.

The Bombay Chronicle

GOVERNMENT BLOCKS THE WAY

Whatever else the Gandhi-Government correspondence may have failed to achieve, it has completely exploded the charges that he or the Congress is pro-Japanese or anti-British or that the Congress resolution was in any way responsible for the disturbances of 1942. The correspondence has also clearly established that the "Quit India" demand was only one for immediate self-government so as to rouse the people against Japanese aggression and that the disturbances were due mainly to violent repression by Government. Those who have not been able to read all the letters by Gandhiji will be satisfied about these points if they read the press summaries of Gandhiji's reply, dated 15th July, to the Tottenham pamphlet and his letter dated 26th October. If we do not go into details about this here it is because we have already done so on several occasions before, because Gandhiji's letters speak for themselves and because we must now concentrate attention on what is to be done next.

Now, all wish that a friendly settlement should be arrived at among all concerned. This presupposes that the leaders of important parties should be free to carry on negotiations except those who have been declared to be guilty of violence by courts of law. But the Congress Working Committee Members are still in jail and, unless they are released, it is felt by all, there can be no fruitful negotiations. Government have so far contended that they cannot be released unless the August resolution is withdrawn by them or by Gandhiji. One can understand Government arguing that that the resolution cannot in spite of Gandhiji's interpretation of it, be the basis of a settlement. But it is impossible to accept the view that the withdrawal of the resolution is necessary even for the commencement of negotiations. That view would be as unhelpful as if Gandhiji had insisted that negotiations could be resumed only if Government withdrew the Tottenham pamphlet and apologised for it. As a matter of fact Gandhiji, after he found that his long reply to that pamphlet apparently made no impression on Government, wrote to it to say that, though he himself regarded the August resolution as unexceptionable, the Working Committee might possibly think of modifying it. In his own words, he "offered to meet the members of the Working Committee in order to discuss the situation and to know their mind" in the hope that his talk with them "might have some value *from the Government standpoint*" (italics ours.) But the offer was rejected. Gandhiji then wrote: "If my offer has no chance of being accepted so long as I retain my present views, and if the Government think that it is only my evil influence that corrupts people, I submit that the members of the Working Committee and other detenus should be discharged. It is unthinkable that when India's millions are suffering from preventible starvation and thousands are dying of it, thousands of men and women should be kept in detention on mere suspicion, when their energy and the expense incurred in keeping them under duress could, at this critical time, be usefully employed in relieving distress." These lines clearly indicate Gandhiji's desire for the Working Committee Members' release not merely for the sake of justice but also to enable them to organise relief work throughout the country. Government rejected this appeal, too. The position then is that, though the release of Congress leaders is likely to stimulate relief work and also to facilitate a constitutional settlement, Government is not prepared to release them. Why? Is it because their relief work will make Congress even more popular then it is now? Or is it because Government is afraid that Congress may offer a fresh basis for a constitutional settlement which Government cannot reject without exposing its determination not to transfer any real power to the people? Whatever the motive, the fact remains that Government's refusal to release the leaders is the main block in the way of a fair constitutional settlement.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Cherbourg Fall

People at Supreme Headquarters of the Allied Expeditionary Force were overcautious. They had been warning through correspondents that the great American success which, a week ago, resulted in the sealing off of the Cherbourg Peninsula should not permit hopes of a "pushover." The port of Cherbourg was well-defended from the land and well-defended in depth; the Allied advance would be a slow affair, the fortress would be a "tough nut" and so on. It is better to be cautious than complacent. But the great port has fallen, the Germans failing to resist its capture even for a week. We do not yet know what booty, in the shape of prisoners, for instance, has fallen into American hands. There were reported to be trapped in the sealed off Cherbourg area something like 30,000 of Field-Marshal Rommel's men, in addition to much equipment like heavy guns. If this is a correct estimate and if not many have escaped, it would be quite a gratifying haul.

Turning Point

But that is a matter of secondary importance compared with the value of Cherbourg by itself. It is a prize worth a dozen powerful divisions. The one thing General Eisenhower had needed badly ever since he landed on the beaches of Normandy, was a good port. So far he had none. Despite all engineering ingenuity and long preparations, beaches could not be made to serve as effective substitute for ports and, even then, Allied supplies and reinforcements were at the mercy of the weather which, reports say, proved worse than expected. Now those serious troubles will end. The Germans must, of course, have destroyed as much as they could of the port facilities of Cherbourg. But no one can destroy Cherbourg as a port. For American engineers it will be a matter of days before Cherbourg is put into working order. And it will not be long before General Eisenhower is able to pour into north-western France mighty resources in men and material which Rommel will be unable to withstand. The capture of Cherbourg opens the door to big developments. It is the turning point in the invasion of France.

M. Bahadur Khan

We did not agree with his politics but we regret deeply the death at the comparatively early age of 41 of Maulana Bahadur Khan, formerly known as Nawab Bahadur Yar Jung of Hyderabad. A scholar in Muslim theology and history he had the gift of oratory which few could equal. His discourses on Islam and the life of the Prophet swayed entire audiences. And these audiences were more often than not composed of educated and cultured people of various religions. As an interpreter of Islam to non-Muslims, without being a proselytiser, he rendered great service to Islam and Muslims. Unfortunately, in later years he left that fruitful field to enter that of sectarian politics. There, too, he made his mark as a prominent member of the Muslim League and founder-President of the All-India States Muslim Conference. And he displayed qualities that many would envy. One might differ from his political principles and activities but one could not help admiring his zeal, his sincerity and the courage of his convictions which made him cheerfully forsake his title and jagir rather than give up what he regarded as a good cause. His death is not the loss of Hyderabad alone.

Partially Successful

In a broadcast talk from Bombay on Saturday Mr. M. K. Vellodi, Textile Commissioner, gave an interesting account of the Control over the manufacture and distribution of cotton textiles inaugurated by the Government of India in June last. It appears from the prices quoted by him that on an average the prices of cotton textiles have been reduced by approximately 50 per cent from the peak levels in the middle of last year. But considering that they are still three times the pre-war prices, the recent reduction as a result of control only shows that things are not so bad as they were in the middle of the last year and that considerable improvement is still necessary.

Wanted More Production

Improvement is particularly necessary in production. We are told that as against an annual average production of 3,500 million yards prior to war the mills are now producing 4,800 million yards, while the handlooms provide nearly 2,000 million yards. But of this total of 6,800 million yards only 5,600 million yards are available for civilian consumption as against 6,400 million yards prior to the war. This shows that more production is necessary. Mr. Vellodi remarks that handloom production "has increased considerably", "partly no doubt due to the absence of any control over its prices". A more important reason for the rapid increase is that handlooms require little capital and can be set up all over the country. The same is true of charkha spinning. If Government had befriended the All-India Spinners' Association instead of waging war against it, that body would have been most helpful in promoting hand-spinning as well as hand-weaving. Government can do that even now or at least leave the A.I.S.A. and its workers free to devote themselves to their work.

SUSPEND THE NEW CONTROL ORDER

CITY PRINTERS' AND PUBLISHERS' DEMAND

To Deny Paper Is To Strike At Vitals Of Daily Life

BOMBAY, Monday.

Representatives of the printing and publishing trade who met in Bombay at two different meetings to-day characterised the new Paper Control Order as unworkable and called upon the Government to revise it in the light of representations.

COMMITTEES OF ACTION

Two Committees of Action, one representing the printers and the other publishers were appointed to place the grievances of the trades before the Government and to secure their redress.

Mr. H. W. Smith of the "Times of India" is the Chairman of the Committee of Action of the printers, while Mr. Murphy of Thacker & Co. is the Chairman of the Committee of Action appointed by the publishers.

PRINTERS CONFER

The meeting of Printers held at the B.E.S.T. Conference Hall was attended by over 60 Printers of Bombay. Presiding over the meeting, Mr. H. W. Smith said that paper was a vital necessity. No business could be run even for two minutes without paper. No war could be conducted without it.

The greatest grievance of the Printers in India was that Government had cut at this vital raw material at a moment's notice. It was being pointed out by Government that the restrictions were greater in England. The reply to that on behalf of the Indian Printers was that the blow on the British printing trade did not fall at a moment's notice as in India. It was necessary that the Government of India should immediately redress the grievances of the printers.

After explaining the provisions of the Order, Mr. Dalal of the 'Associated Printers said that the extinction of the printing trade in India was in sight. In 1943, Indian Printers were using only 18 per cent of the paper that was being used before the war. The new Paper Control Order called upon Printers to use 30 per cent of the 1943 consumption, which, when compared to the pre-war consumption, worked out at a bare 6 per cent of the pre-war figures.

The following resolution passed at the meeting will be sent to the Department of Industries and Civil Supplies:—

"The meeting strongly protests against the Order which is quite unworkable as drafted. It is impossible to work any press on monthly quotas of many varieties, sizes and weights of paper. If quantities are reduced as ordered, most presses will be unable to continue with the consequent necessity of having to discharge the staff thereby causing distress. We suggest that the Order be suspended pending Government consultation with persons of understanding. The Order will have terrifically drastic effect on Indian business generally not excluding Printers and Publishers."

PUBLISHERS ORGANIZE

The meeting of the Publishers held at Laxmi Building under the Presidentship of Mr. Murphy of Thackers, —decided to form a Publishers' Association of India. The following suggestions were put forward at the meeting:—

That the basic year should be considered as any 12 months from 1st January, 1943 to 12th June, 1944. Orders placed upto 11th June, 1944 should be exempted from the operation of the ordinance altogether. Government must make available stocks of the paper known to the public. If newsprint is available, same should be diverted for the use of general and educational publications. Any Publisher who has not completed one year before 12th June, 1944 should be granted quota computed on the consumption of yearly basis. Government should grant 50% quota for general publication and 70% quota for educational publications instead of 30% for the former and 50% for the latter as provided for in the ordinance at present. Whatever quota is fixed by the Government should be available at ration shops to be opened by Government at controlled rates. Publishers should be allowed to use their quota in any way they think best during the year. The quota allotted to the Publishers should not cancel the quota of the Printers. The Printer should be at liberty to take any legitimate quota for any one concern over and above his own legitimate quota.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted by the meeting:—

"While admitting the need of some control in the consumption of Paper in war-times, the meeting of the Publishers strongly disapprove of the new Order as drafted. It is unworkable and impracticable and the 20% quota for general publications and 50% for educational publications is absolutely insufficient. The meeting recommends the Government to revise the ordinance in light of representations received with the help of a Committee of leading Publishers."

Paper For Civilian Requirements

CALCUTTA, June 26.

The suggestion that Government should without further delay release at least 50 per cent of the indigenous production of paper for civilian requirements and gradually increase the quota to 75 per cent was made by the President of the Indian Paper Mills Association, Mr. B. M. Birla, presiding over the Third annual General Meeting of the Association to-day.

Mr. Birla felt that unless this percentage of the total production was released there could not be any appreciable improvement in the supply of paper to civilian consumers, whose present requirements were being met only to the extent of about 15 per cent of their pre-war requirements.—A. P.

APOLOGIA FOR PAPER CONTROL ORDERS

NEW DELHI, June 26.

A system of indirect rationing of paper has become absolutely necessary because indigenous production has fallen heavily, it is explained here in answer to criticisms of the Paper Control (Economy) Order issued on June 12. Production now stands as low as 30 per cent of normal. The Order accordingly lays down that consumption shall be reduced to 30 per cent.

Before the war, production in India was about 60,000 tons yearly. Wartime pressure brought it to the peak figure of 109,000 tons, but owing to shortage of fuel, transport and raw material, it is now about 70,000 tons.

The economy measures proposed in the Order, it is pointed out, have been under Government's consideration since February and during the intervening months, officials of the Industries and Civil Supplies Department have studied the provisions of the very much more drastic Paper Control Order in the United Kingdom and have had informal consultation with one of the leaders of the Indian Paper Industry.

The Order is thus the result of mature thought and it is asserted that however irksome this may be at present, any failure to take the measures contained in it would result in four or five months in a very serious breakdown.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR PAPER IMPORT

In addition to enforcing frugal use of available production, Government are also understood to be arranging for the import of substantial quantities of paper from abroad and when these begin to arrive, the strain may be eased to some extent. The proposed reduction of consumption will not be applied indiscriminately. Some exemptions are provided for. Bank cheque books, for instance, will not come under the cut. Text books for Educational Institutions will be subjected to a cut of 50 per cent instead of 70 per cent. It is further realised that certain important weekly journals, which use ordinary paper and not newsprint, cannot reduce consumption by 70 per cent without sacrifice of some of their special features of value. To meet their cases, a provision is included in the Order under which these periodicals can make representations to the department giving reasons for permitting a lighter cut; and Government have left themselves free to give some relief within reason in these cases.

What is sought to be discouraged and prevented is consumption of paper for purposes which have no immediate National value. For instance, a Zamindar in the Punjab might like to print a booklet of testimonials given to him and to his ancestors by the Viceroy or the Governor, or a politician might wish to issue a pamphlet of his statement or statements, of which summaries or the full text have already appeared in the press.

FOR EQUITABLE DISTRIBUTION

Government are arranging distribution through the Controller of Civil Supplies and Provincial Government authorities so as to secure that a fair share of paper is made available to each area.—A.P.

MARATHI JOURNALISTS' PLEA FOR POSTPONEMENT

BOMBAY, June 26: The Standing Committee of the Marathi Journalists' Conference has sent a representation to Government praying postponement of the enforcement of the new Paper Control Order till the grievances of all parties affected had been heard.

The Committee views the Order with concern as it "affects adversely many periodicals and magazines in particular and printing and publishing houses in general."—A. P.

INDIAN LANGUAGES NEWSPAPERS' ASSN. MEETING

An emergency meeting of the Executive Committee of the Indian Languages Newspapers Association will be held on Thursday June 29 at 3 p.m. at the office of the Association, Bombay, to consider the Paper Control Order.—A. P.

CALCUTTA PUBLISHERS' PROTEST

CALCUTTA, June 26.

A strong protest against the recent Paper Control Order of the Government of India was registered to-day by a meeting of representatives of a number of periodicals, publishers of books, dailies and other connected interests affected by the Order. Mr. Hemendra Prasad Ghosh presided over the meeting, which had been convened by Mr. K. N. Chatterjee, Editor of the "Modern Review" and Mr. P. R. Srinivas, Editor, "Indian Finance." A telegram was sent to the Secretary, Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, Government of India, urging that the Order should not come into effect till agreement was arrived at with the representatives of the interests affected.—A. P.

Bombay Ban On Indian Made Paper Export

A ban has been placed by the Government of Bombay, from July 1, on the removal of Indian-made paper or boards, by road rail or sea, from any place in Bombay Province to any place in India outside the Province, except under a licence from the Director of Civil Supplies (General), Bombay, or any officer authorised by him. No licence will be needed for consignments of paper despatched by the Deccan Paper Mills of Poona or the Gujarat Paper Mills of Ahmedabad, or for newsprint supplied by the Government of India or for up to 5 lbs. of Indian-made paper or board carried by a bona fide traveller as part of his personal luggage.

COMMISSIONER'S "NO" TO CAWNPORE EDITOR

CAWNPORE, June 25:—Pandit Benimadhav, Editor, 'Virbharat', has been informed by the Commissioner of Paper Control that his appeal for permission to bring out his paper has been finally rejected.

It will be remembered that 'Virbharat' had come out after depositing cash security demanded by the Local Government under the Press Emergency Act after the August disturbances but when the Editor applied for paper quota the Central Government asked him to stop the publication at once.—United Press.

WAR FRONT TO BE FREEDOM FRONT?

M. R. A. Baig On His Programme

"I am asked what will be my programme when I take up my new post. What programme can there be before any Indian but to work for freedom?" observed Mr Rashid Ali Baig, replying to an address presented to him at a farewell function held in his honour at the Anjuman-i-Islam Hall, on Monday evening under the auspices of the Majl's-e-Ittehad-o-Tariqqui and several other Muslim Associations.

In a feeling valedictory speech Mr. Baig, who is leaving Bombay, tomorrow to take up the post of Central Organiser of the National War Front, at New Delhi, emphasised that freedom would come to India through the twin gates of Victory and Unity. Victory, Unity and Freedom will henceforward be the motto of the N.W.F. assured Mr. Baig.

At the outset Sir Sultan Chinoy, who presided on the occasion said that the choice of the Government of India could not have fallen upon a better person. Mr. Baig was a hard worker and his heart was set upon Hindu-Muslim Unity.

Prof. A. M. Moulvi stated that Mr. Baig had courage of his convictions. Through the National War Front, said Mr. Moulvi, Mr. Baig would solve what appeared to be insoluble. He would show to the world how Hindu Muslim unity would be achieved.

Dr. Abdul Hamid Kazi, and Messrs. Z. A. Bafai and H. I. Rokadia were among the other speakers.

Mr. Baig paid tributes to his co-workers in the Hindu-Muslim Unity mission undertaken by the Majlis-e-Ittehad and complimented Mr. Adam Adil and others.

POONA SCHOOL STUDENTS STRANDED

Great anxiety prevails amongst the Muslim community in Poona over the refusal of admission to Muslim students leaving primary schools seeking admission into secondary schools particularly Government Anglo-Urdu High School.

There are large number of students who are thus stranded and unable to prosecute their studies further.

For this purpose a large number of Muslims responded to the invitation of Mr. Ahmed E. H. Jaffer, General Secretary, Bombay Provincial Muslim Educational Conference, Poona, to a largely attended meeting which was held at Haroon Mansion last evening.

The whole position was discussed at length and a sub-committee of 5 members was appointed to go in a deputation to the Director of Public Instruction and to the Adviser to the Bombay Governor in charge of Education.

Mr. Jaffer is authorised to approach the authorities in the matter and the Government is being moved to make immediate arrangements in the matter.

Palme Dutt Urges Release Of Leaders And Early Settlement

LONDON, June 25.

Speaking on the Indian political situation at this morning's session of the week-end conference of the Federation of India Students Societies, Mr. R. Palme Dutt said, "Certain sections of the British public are being convinced of the necessity of settlement and hopeful signs are already visible."

Mr. Palme Dutt advanced his proposals for solution as follows: Firstly release of political prisoners following upon Gandhiji's release. Secondly, review of Indian situation by released Congress leadership with a view to coming to some settlement with the Indian National Congress.

Thirdly, Congress should be given the opportunity to mobilise the resources of India from the viewpoint of solving domestic economy problems as well as of meeting the needs of defence.

Students representing 12 University Associations attended the meeting.—Reuter.

Communist Muslims Leave Party To Join League

LAHORE, June 23.

The Communist party's campaign for the Leagues Congress Unity has resulted in the Communist's giving up their party, and joining Muslim League, Mr. Dania Latifi, Secretary of the Lahore District Communist Party and Mr. Abdul Malik have today resigned from the Communist Party, and have joined the Muslim League.

It is to be recalled that Dr. Ashraf at one time in charge of the Muslim mass contact movement of the Congress pleaded at a recent conference of Nationalist Muslims at Delhi, that nationalists should join Muslim League and capture it, but his appeal did not carry conviction with national Muslims and they decided to organise themselves under the Muslim Majlis. It is yet to be seen whether Muslim communists i nother Provinces will follow the lead given by Punjab or not.—Orient Press.

New Kaiser-i-Hind Mill Not Sold

Mr. Kailashpat Singhania writes on behalf of Sir Padampat Singhania:—

"We are surprised to read in a local paper a report saying that we have undertaken to purchase the New Kaiser-I-Hind mill for a sum of rupees one crore and fifty lakhs. This rumour is absolutely unfounded.

DHARWAR RYOTS' CONFERENCE. (From A Correspondent.)

HUBLI, June 25.

A conference of the Ryots of the different villages of Dharwar District will be held at Hubli on July 2 to consider the effects of the Bombay Growth of Foodcrops Act under the auspices of the Dharwar District People's Food Council. The sponors intend to send a deputation to the Government in this respect.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Referring to the comments questioning Congress right to speak for India the paper (Colombo "Daily News") says: "It is because successive Governments in Great Britain refused to recognise de Valera's right to speak for the Irish people that he has continued in office longer than any other head of a State".

A. P. I.

* * *

Citing India's protests against Fascistic aggression in China, Abyssinia and Spain, Mr. S. A. Dange declared at a conference in London that India was traditionally anti-Fascist.

We were wondering what the London "Times" meant by accusing Gandhiji of being a traditionalist.

By the way, we do hope Comrade Dange excluded Manchuria from Fascist aggression in China. Otherwise it might involve him into trouble with the Russo-Jap Pact.

* * *

But is it at all patriotic of the London "Times" even to pretend to deprecate, as it does, concern that relates more to the past than to the future?

What will Winston Churchill say? That gallant saviour of everything traditionally British is trying to project the good old Empire into the New World Order and here is the London "Times" the proud symbol of British traditions trying to sabotage Churchill's efforts! Deplorable.

What? We are talking through our hat? We haven't got any. But we see your point. And you are right, too. The London "Times" loyal to the tradition of British sanctimony, was preaching strictly to others.

* * *

Malik Khizr Hayat says he has in his possession a document in which Mr. Jinnah, addressing Sir Sikandar Hayat himself, referred to the Pact as "Sikandar-Jinnah Agreement."

We are not convinced. The document is probably a forgery.

In the alternative, it is misrepresentation—we had almost given the full formula "malicious misrepresentation"—of the actual facts by a slippery pen.

In the alternative, again

* * *

Mr. Jinnah may have used the words attributed to him out of courtesy and a desire not to hurt and let down Sir Sikandar Hayat even strictly between themselves.

Or, finally—and this is so conclusive that it must completely crush even Khizr Hayat—the word, as quoted by the Punjab Premier is "Agreement" which is not the same as "Pact" and, in fact, means that "Pact" simply does not occur in the transactions. Ergo, there never was any "Sikandar-Jinnah Pact." Q.E.D.

* * *

"Mr. Wallace brought a scroll from President Roosevelt to the people of China which stated....."

—Reuter

This great weapon will, we are confident, presently annihilate the Japanese armies in China.

Mr. Churchill, oh, he is contributing substantially by ignoring China —except as an export market AFTER the war.

JINNAH ACCUSED OF BREACH OF FAITH

Sheikh Abdullah On League Chief's Attack On Kashmir Conference

SRINAGAR, June 26.

Criticising Mr. Jinnah's recent speech here before the Muslim Conference, Sheikh Mohammad Abdullah, President of the All-Jammu and Kashmir National Conference in a statement to the press says: "Mr. Jinnah in his address to the Muslim Conference in Srinagar on June 17 thought it fit to open an attack on the All-Jammu and Kashmir National Conference. He questioned the correctness of its objective as an organisation aiming at uniting the entire people of Kashmir under one national banner. This abrupt utterance was surprising since Mr. Jinnah had declared on his arrival that he had not come to Kashmir for any political propaganda."

Sheikh Abdullah adds: "by so doing Mr Jinnah broke his repeated assurance to the people of Kashmir that he was not on a propaganda tour. I regret to say that he has thus violated the spirit in which he was received by us all".

Explaining the aims and objects of the National Conference, the Sheikh says: "we owe no apologies to Mr. Jinnah for the existence of the All-Jammu and Kashmir National Conference. To-day it is the national organisation of the Kashmir people not only because its membership is open to all communities but because it has got a truly national programme and a national vision.

"Mr. Jinnah has attacked the Kashmir National Conference with the same weapon with which he attacks the Indian National Congress. According to him the Congress is a Hindu attempt to cheat the Indian minorities and the national conference a Muslim attempt to cheat the Kashmir minorities."

Proceeding he says: "Viewing the position from an All-India perspective we find that Mr. Jinnah has repeatedly declared that he does not extend his plan of Pakistan to the Indian States. Thus his conception of Islamic sovereignty conveniently halts at the customs barrier which divides our state from British India. Yet when it comes to giving advance, Mr. Jinnah trespasses over his own boundaries".—A. P.

League Meeting Supports Ministry

CALCUTTA, June 26.

A public meeting of Muslims held last evening at the Mohamed Ali park under the auspices of the Calcutta Muslim League adopted a resolution welcoming "the popular triumph of the Ministry in the Bengal Legislative Assembly over the opposition "and expressed its confidence in the leadership of Khwaja Sir Nazimuddin and in the "Muslim League Coalition Ministry of Bengal". It condemned "the foul tactics of the Hindu Sabha—Congress—Fazlul Huq groups to frustrate the good-work of the Ministry as calculated to plunge Bengal again into the chaos brought about by hoarders, profiteers and black marketeers and the most incompetent Ministry of the Shayama Prasad-Fazul-Huq junta which completely destroyed public confidence in the administration. It will be a disaster for Bengal to try to reinstal the same discredited junta in power in any form and Bengal will never tolerate it."

Mr. H. S Suhrawardy, Minister for Civil Supplies, was among those who addressed it.—A. P.

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Government of Maharashtra
on 18 April, 2017

The Half-Column By "Dim"

Driving down to Sewri I passed the FIRESTONE factory and was pleasantly surprised to see the new slogan which FIRESTONE has blazoned across the front. It read: "IN THE SERVICE OF THE NATION". For me, for more reasons than one, it had a terrific appeal. Mine is obviously a biassed opinion, but even unbiassedly it is the sort of approach which will go right to the heart of the Indian people. Tucked away in Sewri many people do not have the opportunity of seeing it. Hitherto FIRESTONES have been using "More miles per rupee". But this new slogan lifts them far above the ordinary commercial advertisement. Only one thing was lacking: a mere letter of thanks to the person who gave them the slogan. And when I think what FIRESTONES spend in advertising, one feels a half-anna stamp on a post card would not have exceeded their budget.

* * *

In THOUSANDS CHEER Eddie Marsh, the private says when addressing a Court Martial: "I want to be the most important man in the world—a Private in the United States Army." That's very good propaganda. Now, if New Delhi was handling the same theme the line would probably have read: "Have you failed in your exams? Have you been refused admission to all the colleges? Don't despair! Join the United States Army. We give you good pay and canned food twice a day." Just a difference of approach.

* * *

There is no truth in the rumour that to save paper and to comply with the new Paper Control Rules, the Government of India are going to give a lead by reducing their Ordinances to 30 per cent.

* * *

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Shud 7, 2000
Muslim: Rajjab 5, 1363
Parsi: Deh 27 1313.
Sunrise 7-5 a.m. Sunset 8-17 p.m.
Hightide 4-47, 17-18, Lowtide 10-18, 24-09
Improvements Committee Corporation Hall, 2-30 p.m. (B.T.)

To-day's Engagements

BOMBAY KERALEEYA MAHILA SAMAJ:—A general meeting of the members will be held on Sunday, 2nd July, 1944, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the King George School Hall, Hindu Colony, Dadar.

CENTRAL LIBRARY FOR PRIMARY TEACHERS.—The Central Library to be started by the District School Board, B.S.D, for the benefit of primary teachers under its control will be inaugurated by Professor V. G. Rao, Chairman, Committee of Management, District Local Board, B.S.D, Andheri in the meeting Hall of the School Board, Cama Road, Andheri at 6-0 p.m. to-morrow (Wednesday).

MHANTINDA QUOTATIONS.

Mhantinda, June 26.

Opening Silver Ready 130 Asarh 128/2 Sawan 120/6 Gold Ready 72/2 Asarh 72/2 Sawan 72 Bajra Ready 6/5 Posh 6/5/9 Rice Mangsar 12/8/3 Ready Wheat 7/13 Gram 6/10 Barley 4/9.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, June 26.

Tata Ordinary 414 Tata Deferred 2217/8 Indian Iron 37 Steel Corpn of Bengal 29 Bombay Dyeing 1857/8 Central India 405 Century 865 Gokak 313/12 Kohinoor 602/8 Simplex 250 Andhra Valley 1880 Tata Hydro 205 Tata Power 1880 Associated Cement 230 Belapur 241/4 Bombay Burma (Old) 412/8

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, June 26.

The market ruled firm all round and the volume of business was large and extensive. Government securities were unchanged.

CITY MARKETS

Bombay, Monday.

SHARES.—As anticipated cotton Mill Shares declined on increased tired liquidation. Many holders were awaiting to liquidate their shares at higher levels but failure of the market to improve induced tired liquidation and the market was very quiet with a poor absorbing capacity. Tata Steel Dfd Shares opened otday at

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, June 26.

T S Ord (415/8) 415 16/8 16 17 16 16/8 15/8 15 16 16/8

T S Dfd (2217/8) 2212 27 25 32 26 22 25 20 22 10 16 13 23 21/4

Deying (1862/8) 1865 63/12 70 75 57/8 55 58 55 62 63/12 61 63/12 58/12

Kohinoor (609) 609 10 9 11 9 7 2 597 601 600 597 96

Swadesh (533) 531 33 31 27 24 26 23 26 24

Nagpur (407) 405 7 5 4 1 2 2/8

Simplex (251- 250 51 48 49 48

New Great (381) 381 81/8 78 75 76 75

Indore (861/4) 867/8 62/8 60 45 51 50

P Const (232) 232 30 31 30

Cement (230/4) 230 30/4 29/12 28/12

Rs. 2215 and after improving to Rs. 2225 sagged to Rs. 2216 while Ordinary Shares were quoted at Rs. 415. Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 1880 and declined to Rs. 1157 while Kohinoor Mill Shares were quoted at Rs. 601.

BULLION.—On Saturday London markets were closed and New York quotations were unchanged. The local market was easy today on increased selling pressure but later recovered on short covering. Forward Silver opened at Rs. 125/4 and declined to Rs. 123/10 but recovered to Rs. 124/8 Gold also after declining to Rs. 71/14 rallied to Rs. 72/2. Tomorrow being settlement Short covering is expected to have influence on the market.

Later on there was heavy short covering and prices firmed up. Ready Silver Rs. 129 forward Rs. 125/8. Ready Gold Rs. 72/10. Forward Rs. 72/5. The firmness is mainly due pre-settlement short covering.

COTTON.—The local cotton market opened today at Rs. 42.8 for July delivery and improved to Rs. 427/8 under moderate buying influenced by absence of rains. However prices sagged to Rs. 426/8 on some realising. The technical position of the market is becoming unhealthy after heavy covering but the Government is reported buying all kinds of cottons at

There was steady flow of short covering and prices improved to Rs. 428/4 for September. The market closed at 6 p m as under:—

ICC July 407 8 0
ICC September 427 4 0

COTTON PARITY.—Indian Cotton July Contract is below New York July 602 cent points at Exchange rate 331.

COTTON ARRIVALS.—Central India 94, Dholeras 205, Sindh Punjab 4065, Broach 1233, Coompta 221, Comilla 1114. Total 6932 Bales.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, June 26

Khandesh Jarilla New 275/360
Berar Jarilla New 350/380
289 F Jarilla New 480/525
N T Jarilla New 450/475
289 F Saw-Ginned New 570/610

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, June 26.

Jarilla Extra Spr-fine 427 Sup 417 Fine 407 F Good 397

Broach Extra Spr-fine 417 Sup 412 Fine 407 F Good 402

Surti Extra Spr-fine 535 Sup 530 Fine 525 F Good 520

4F Pun/American Extra Spr-fine 445 Sup 440 Fine 435 F Good 430

L S Pun/American Extra Spr-fine 485 Sup 480 Fine 475 F Good 470.

289 F Pun/American Extra Spr-fine 535 Sup 530 Fine 525 F Good 520

Saw-Gd 4 F Extra Spr-fine 475 Sup 470 Fine 465 F Good 460

Saw-Gd L S S Extra Spr-fine 525 Sup 520 Fine 515 F Good 410

Saw-Gd 289 F Extra Spr-fine 595

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, June 24.

July High 408 Low 405/8 Close 407/4

September High 426/12 Low 425 Close 425/12

N. Y. COTTON REVIEW

New York, June 26.

After drifting irregularly prices touched new high levels for the season on broad trade and commission house buying on the Congressional approval of the bill lifting the loan rate and opening the way for raising major textile ceilings. The market advance is reported to be drawing cotton from loan slower than expected in the Memphis territory while in the Atlanta area sales of 1942 and 1943 equities have increased.

The weather in the first half of June had been very favourable except for wetness in parts of Texas and Oklahoma, and reports of weevil activity in Texas are not serious at present.

Consumption this season is far behind last season despite the Government effort to stimulate production. Business in cotton goods stalemated by the pressure of military orders and by the clarification of the procedure to be taken for higher ceilings.

With evening-up of July before the first notice day and steadily improving crop reports further advances are likely to attract larger offerings.

NEW YORK, June 24.—After irregularity, prices sagged on increased hedging evidently against larger loan repossessions and scattered selling due to usual week-end uncertainties, easiness of grains and generally favourable crop weather news but steadied on week-end price-fixing. The market closed steady.

CALICUT QUOTATIONS

Calicut, June 26.

Cocoanuts Raw 57/8 Dry 85 Cocoanut Oil 305 Copra Office 182/8 Dilpasand 205 Madrawuttam 215 Goodgooda 241 Pepper Wynaad 330 Country 322/8 Dryginger Chernad 230 Ernad 220 Coffee Robusta 114.

Sup 590 Fine 585 F Good 580

M G N T Extra Spr-fine 485 Sup 480 Fine 475 F Good 470

Saw-Gd N T Sind/Ame Extra Spr-fine 525 Sup 520 Fine 515 F Good 510

2ND LL.B. EXAM. RESULTS

The following candidates have been declared successful in the Second LL.B. Examination held by the Bombay University in April last.

FIRST CLASS (In order of Merit): Nos. 91 700 273 18 152 17 93 111 449 688.

SECOND CLASS: Nos. 6 7 8 9 10 19 20 25 28 30 33 36 37 38 39 46 48 50 56 57 59 62 63 69 71 73 77 78 79 80 81 83 84 86 88 92 99 100 102 104 106 112 114 116 120 122 125 126 129 132 133 134 135 139 143 145 146 147 149 151 227 231 233 234 236 240 241 242 245 246 248 249 251 252 256 261 264 265 269 270 272 274 278 281 282 285 286 290 294 299 300 301 303 305 308 309 315 318 322 333 370 373 374 376 379 380 382 388 390 393 395 397 399 400 401 402 410 414 415 419 420 421 423 427 432 433 440 441 442 443 444 447 450 451 456 457 458 460 461 463 491 492 495 497 503 509 512 513 516 520 521 524 525 526 533 537 539 540 561 562 576 585 586 587 588 592 594 597 599 603 605 606 610 613 616 618 619 622 623 624 652 654 656 658 662 665 677 679 680 682 683 689 690 694 704 705 706 709 715 716 724 728 729 730 732.

PASS: Nos. 154 158 162 165 168 169 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 179 181 182 183 185 187 190 191 192 194 197 198 201 203 205 209 212 213 222 223 334 335 338 339 342 343 344 345 346 347 348 349 350 353 354 356 357 358 359 361 362 364 465 466 467 469 470 472 474 475 477 478 480 482 483 484 485 542 546 547 548 549 550 551 556 625 626 627 630 631 633 635 636 637 638 639 640 641 643 644 645 647 667 668 670 733 734 735 736 737 739 741 742 743 744 745 746 747 748.

PASSED IN GROUP 'A' ONLY: Nos. 3 11 12 27 61 66 72 76 82 109 117 124 150 202 225 230 238 243 247 267 292 298 302 306 313 319 321 323 326 329 330 332 369 385 389 392 398 403 416 417 418 424 429 437 439 453 459 493 499 504 506 517 522 527 532 534 536 538 553 563 566 570 573 581 593 604 615 617 649 657 673 678 681 684 686 696 701 707 710 718 721 731.

PASSED IN GROUP 'B' ONLY. Nos. 34 51 55 85 103 137 189 210 216 221 258 375 412 535 571 663 722

The Scholarships and the Prize have been awarded as under:—

The Arnold Scholarship to No. 700.

The Judge Spencer Prize to No. 91.

The Mancherji Nowroji Banaji Scholarship to No. 91.

The Gustasp (Gussie) K. Kanga Scholarship to No 111.

The results of candidates Nos. 113, 123 and 144 have been reserved.

Bombay Bengalis Pay Homage To Acharya Ray's Memory

A public meeting of the Bengali residents of Bombay was held at the A. C. Chatterjee Memorial Hall, Anglo-Bengali School, Nalgaum, Dadar, on Sunday June 25 to mourn the death of Acharya P. C. Ray Prof. R. P. Kar presided.

In his presidential address Prof. Kar referred to the various, achievements of Acharya Dev in the field of science. King of Nitrates he was rightly called for his discoveries. Plain living and high thinking was his motto in life and he truly personified the best qualities of the ancient rishis in himself. In establishing the Bengal Chemical and Parmaceutical Works Dr Ray has given India an industry worthy of his practical abilities as a great chemist. His monumental work on the ancient Hindu Chemistry brought added prestige to his motherland.

Mr. J. C. Maitra in proposing the condolence resolution mentioned the various himanitarian causes like the Khulna Famine, North Bengal Floods and such calamities in other parts of India for which the late Acharya worked wholeheartedly. In the early twenties of the century Dr. Ray came under the influence of Mahatma Gandhi and became Khadi-mad, so to speak. He propagated khadi all over the country and scientifically proved its economic value.

After Messrs. G. N. Banerjee, B. N. Sen and Dr. S. K. Bose spoke the resolution was carried unanimously all standing in silence.

FREE

Youngmen send four annas stamps to first get the miraculously effective medicines for your disorders free for trial to get convinced of their action and avoid deception. For full details send -/4/- stamps for the Guide Book (110 pages) Correspondence kept confidential.

ISAVIRAJ KHAZAN CHAND, B.A., Famous Specialist Gold-medalist. Chamberlain Road, Lahore.

DIRECTORS

1. SETH JAIDAYAL DALMIA, Banker, Merchant, Lahore.
Chairman—Bharat Insurance Co., Ltd., Dalmia Cement Ltd., Kharkhari Coal Co., Ltd., Patiala Biscuit Manufacturers Ltd., etc.
2. SETH SHANTI PRASAD JAIN, Banker & Merchant, Dalmianagar.
Director Rohtas Industries Ltd., Bharat Bank Ltd., Dalmia Jain & Co., Ltd., South Bihar Sugar Mills Ltd., Maheshpur Collieries Ltd., Sugar Syndicate Ltd., etc., etc.
3. MR. VISHNU HARI DALMIA, Merchant, Lahore.
Director Bharat Fire & General Insurance Ltd., Dalmia Cement & Paper Marketing Co., Ltd., Allahabad Law Journal Co., Ltd., Dalmia Dadri Cement Ltd., Dalmia Investment Co., Ltd.
4. MR. MRIGANKA KUMAR ROY, M.A., B.L., Merchant, Midnapore.
Director—Dehri Rohtas Light Railway Co., Ltd., S. K. G. Sugar Ltd., Dalmia Cement & Paper Marketing Co., Ltd., etc.

TRUSTEES TO DEBENTURE-HOLDERS

Mr. VISHNU HARI DALMIA, Lahore.
SAHU SHRIYANS PRASAD, Fort, Bombay.
SETH RAMESHWAR PRASAD BAJORIA, Calcutta.

AUDITORS

Messrs. K. N. GUTGUTIA & CO., Calcutta.

BANKERS

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA,
BHARAT BANK LIMITED,
CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED,
UNIVERSAL BANK OF INDIA LTD.

REGISTERED OFFICE

DALMIANAGAR (Bihar).

PROSPECTUS

(A Copy of this Prospectus has been filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Bihar, Patna.)

The consent of the Central Government has been obtained to this issue under the Defence of India Rule 94(a). It must be distinctly understood that in giving the consent the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any scheme or for the correctness of the statements made or opinion expressed with regard to them.

The subscription list will remain open from 27th to 30th June 1944 both days inclusive. Applications for shares and debentures may be sent to the registered office of the Company or to any of the branches of Imperial Bank of India, Bharat Bank Limited, Central Bank of India Limited, Universal Bank of India Ltd., Dalmia Cement & Paper Marketing Co., Ltd., Rohtas Industries Ltd., Dalmia Cement Ltd., Dalmia Dadri Cement Ltd., Dalmia Investment Co., Ltd., Dehri Rohtas Light Railway Co., Ltd., Shree Krishna Gynodia Sugar Ltd. (Hathwa), Shree Krishna Gynodia Sugar Ltd. (Lauriya), South Behar Sugar Mills Ltd., Kharkhari Coal Co., Ltd., Maheshpur Collieries Ltd., Rohtas Quarries Ltd., Bharat Fire & General Insurance Ltd., National Safe Deposit & Cold Storage Co., Ltd., Patiala Biscuits Manufacturers Ltd., Allahabad Law Journal Co., Ltd., Bharat Insurance Co., Ltd., and Dalmia Jain & Co., Ltd., The applications for allotment will be considered on money being deposited or remitted on the dates mentioned above.

BHARAT COLLIERIES
LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL:
RS. TWO CRORES.

ISSUED CAPITAL:
RS. SEVENTY LACS.
&
DEBENTURES Rs. THIRTY LACS.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL

Divided into
80,000—Cumulative Preference shares of Rs. 100 each.
1,200,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each.

ISSUED SHARE CAPITAL
Divided into
30,000—5½ p.c. less tax cumulative Preference shares of Rs. 100 each.
400,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each,
Also
3,000—bearer debentures of Rs. 1,000 each carrying interest at 4½ per cent per annum redeemable in 1956 interest payable half yearly on 30th April and 31st October.

50 per cent of the Capital has been promised to be subscribed by the Directors and their friends. The balance is offered to the public for subscription @ Rs. 101/- per preference share and Rs. 12-8-0 per ordinary share and Rs. 1,010/- per debenture. All these are payable as under:—

	On application	On allotment
Preference share	Rs. 51	Rs. 50/-
Ordinary share	Rs. 7-8-0	Rs. 5/-
Debentures	—	Rs. 510 Rs 500/-

The premium payable will constitute a very good reserve for the Company from its very start.

Rs. ten lacs worth Debentures have been underwritten by Messrs. Mungneeram Bangur & Company and the whole of the issued share capital and the balance of the issued debentures has been underwritten by Dalmia Investment Co., Ltd., Dalmianagar in consideration of a commission at Re. 0-4-0 on each Preference share and Re. 0-1-0 on each ordinary share and Re. 0-4-0 per cent on each debenture. In the opinion of the Directors the resources of the underwriters are sufficient to discharge the underwriting obligations.

In making allotment preference will be given to those who apply for shares in small lots and also to those who make application both for shares and debentures.

OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY

The Company has been formed for the purposes of carrying on all or any of the objects set out in the Memorandum of Association and in particular to carry on the business of working coal mines and dealing in coal.

The promoters of the Company have purchased the properties formerly held by Maharaja Srischandra Nandi of Cossimbazar for Rs. 81,85,000 including the sum of Rs. 1,40,000 which has been paid to Messrs. Sohanlal Jajodia, Onkarmal Somani and Ramnath Bajoria in respect of the said purchase.

The collieries are situated at Ekra in Jharia fields and Baraboni and Chapui in Raniganj fields. The raising of the three collieries in the past were as follows:

Years	Ekra tons	Baraboni tons	Chapui tons	Total tons
1940-41	2,35,815	1,10,003	42,003	3,87,821
1941-42	2,25,750	1,11,175	47,456	3,84,381
1942-43	2,58,374	1,23,560	40,039	4,21,973

At Ekra two new pits have recently been sunk which will yield additional raisings in the coming years.

The Company has an efficient Engineering Workshop at Ekra. Pressing war time demands make it exceedingly difficult these days to get engineering works executed at outside places, and having a workshop of its own at one of its collieries, confers on the Company an advantage of getting its works quickly executed and help to enhance the output of the collieries. This workshop, which is one of the largest of its kind in Jharia fields, undertakes the works of many other collieries, in addition to those of the Company.

In the past while adjoining collieries were affected by labour shortage, the Ekra mine was comparatively better off due to work in its pits being more comfortable. It is expected that in future also labour position will be easier.

At Baraboni, the quality of the coal is Poniati seam, which is one of the best selected grade coals in Raniganj fields.

Shareholders of a new colliery do not obtain any profits until it is developed and machinery fitted. Profits also are meagre in the initial stages of production, the result being that a number of years pass before full profits are available. But it will be different in the case of this company, the collieries being fully developed and fitted already.

The above facts justify the view that shares of this Company cannot be regarded as those of a newly floated concern and they should compare favourably with shares of companies of long standing.

Collieries at present have definite advantage in regard to Excess Profits tax viz., amounts of bonus payable to them on excess raisings over the target fixed by Government will be exempt from E.P.T. These bonus earnings will be a considerable amount with increased raisings.

PRELIMINARY EXPENSES

Preliminary expenses including registration fee and printing charges and other incidental expenses, but excluding commission and brokerage for getting the capital and debentures subscribed and excluding expenses of registration of debentures, are estimated not to exceed Rs. 25,000/-.

AGREEMENT

An agreement has been entered into between Dalmia Cement & Paper Marketing Co., Ltd., one of the promoters of the Company on the one part and the vendor Maharaja Srish Chandra Nandy of Cossimbazar on the other part by which the vendors have agreed to sell to the said promoters or their nominee all land, buildings, machinery, mining rights of collieries for Rs. 81,85,000 including the sum of Rs. 1,40,000 paid to Messrs. Sohanlal Jajodia, Onkarmal Somani and Ramnath Bajoria at the time of purchase of the said property.

An agreement has been entered into between Dalmia Cement & Paper Marketing Co., Ltd., and the Directors of the Company providing that Dalmia Cement & Paper Marketing Co., Ltd., will nominate the Company as purchasers of the said property.

An agreement has been entered into between the Directors of the Company and the trustees Mr. V. H. Dalmia & others by which the Company has agreed to execute a Trust Deed transferring lands, buildings, machineries and other fixed assets to the Trustees after the certificate for commencement of business is received. The present issue will be governed by the said Trust Deed.

For purposes of identification, the above agreement and the Draft Trust Deed have been signed by the first three signatories to the Memorandum and Articles of Association.

Copies of the said agreement and the draft Trust Deed may be inspected at the Registered Office of the Company any time during the business hours on working days.

MINIMUM SUBSCRIPTION

The minimum subscription upon which the Directors may proceed to allotment is Rs. 30,00,000 in Preference shares and Rs. 40,00,000 in Ordinary shares and Rs. 30,00,000 in Debentures.

VOTING AND RESTRICTIONS

The following is the procedure relating to voting and restrictions thereof:

No member shall be entitled to be present or to vote on any question either personally or by proxy, or as a proxy for another member, at any General Meeting or on a poll, or be reckoned in quorum whilst any money due from him alone or jointly, to the Company, in respect of any share or shares in the Company remains unpaid.

Preference shares confer the right on the holders thereof to receive notice or vote at General Meetings only when any resolution is proposed for reducing the Capital of the Company or winding up the Company or directly affecting the interest of holders of such shares as a class as regards Dividend, return of Capital or voting, upon any question which entitled the holders of Preference shares to vote, these shares will confer one vote for each share held.

Every shareholder not disqualified by the preceding article or any other articles of Association and who has been duly registered for three months previous to the General Meeting, shall be entitled to be present, and to speak and vote at such meeting, and when present in person shall have one vote on a show of hands, and on a poll, when present in person or by proxy, shall have one vote in respect of every share held by him in the Company, at least three months previous to the General meeting.

Cumulative preference shares will rank both as regard dividend and claim on capital in priority to ordinary shares.

The Directors may at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, and without assigning any reasons, decline to register or acknowledge any transfer of shares other than fully paid shares.

DEBENTURE-HOLDERS' TRUTEES REMUNERATION

A sum of Rs. 1,000 will be payable to all the trustees jointly per year.

DIRECTORS' QUALIFICATION AND REMUNERATION

Every shareholder of the Company is eligible for election as a director of the Company. The remuneration of a Director shall be Rs. 50 for every meeting of the Board attended by him and he will be entitled to his travelling expenses properly incurred in connection with the business of the Company.

POWERS TO APPOINT MANAGING DIRECTOR, MANAGING AGENTS

Directors may appoint any one of them as Managing Director or a Deputy Managing Director for such period and on such terms as may be determined by them and may delegate to the Managing Director or the Deputy Managing Director, such powers, in addition to the powers mentioned in the Articles, of association as they deem proper provided however, that the monthly remuneration payable to such Managing Director or Deputy Managing Director shall not exceed Rs. ten thousand and Rs. eight thousand respectively.

The Directors may appoint any firm or Company as Managing Agents of the Company for a period not exceeding 20 years and on terms and conditions as may be determined by them. The remuneration so determined shall not exceed Rs. 2,000/- as allowance per month and commission of 10 p. c. of the net profits of the Company. (Net profit will be taken to mean as defined in the Indian Companies Act.)

INTEREST OF DIRECTORS

Seth Jaidayal Dalmia, Seth Shanti Prasad Jain and Mr. Vishnu Hari Dalmia are Directors of Dalmia Investment Co., Ltd., who have underwritten this issue.

Seth Shanti Prasad Jain, Mr. Vishnu Hari Dalmia and Mr. Mriganka Kumar Roy are Directors of Dalmia Cement & Paper Marketing Co., Ltd.

BROKERAGE

Brokerage will be payable to 'bonafide' brokers at the rate of Re. 1/- per Preference share and two annas per ordinary share and one per cent on debentures.

GENERAL

Inspection of the Memorandum and Articles of Association may be had at the registered office of the Company during the usual office hours on working days. Copies of Memorandum and Articles of Association may be obtained on payment of Re. 1/- at the registered office of the Company.

APPLICATION FOR SHARES

Application for shares should be made on the form accompanying this prospectus which may be obtained at the registered office of the Company and at the office of the Company's Bankers and sent in accordance with the directions contained therein with a remittance for the amount payable on application.

Applicants will be at liberty to pay the full amount with the application. If full amount is received with application, Dividend in respect of preference shares and interest on Debentures will be paid from the date the full money is received to the extent of allotment.

Where no allotment is made the deposit will be returned in full, and where the number of shares allotted is less than the number applied for, the balance of the deposit will be applied towards the amount remaining payable on the shares allotted and any balance thereafter remaining will be returned. Failure to pay any amounts due on shares allotted when due will render previous payments liable to forfeiture.

25th June, 1944.

(Sd.) JAI DAYAL DALMIA
(Sd.) S. P. JAIN
(Sd.) V. H. DALMIA
(Sd.) M. K. ROY

NOTE:—Prospectus and Forms of Application can be obtained from and payments (with application) may be made by cheque, hundies or in cash free of remittance charges at the Registered Office of the Company and to any of the Bankers or any other concern mentioned above.

It is not necessary that applications should be made on printed application forms. They may be typewritten or written in hand.

Where application forms cannot be had, they may be written or typed as per form below:—

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR SHARES & DEBENTURES

To
The Directors,
BHARAT COLLIERIES LTD.,
DALMIANAGAR, (BIHAR)

GENTLEMEN,

Having paid to the Company's Bankers the sum of Rupees..... Rs..... being application money at Rs. 51/- Preference shares / Rs. 7-8-0 Ordinary shares / Rs. 510/- Debentures each of the face value of Rs. 100/- / Rs. 10/- / Rs. 1,000/- I/We request you to allot me/us that number of shares/debentures upon the terms and conditions of the Prospectus and I/we hereby agree to accept the same or any smaller number that may be allotted to me/us subject to the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association and I/we authorise you to register me/us as the holder(s) of the said shares/debentures.

Name in full.....
Father's name/Husband's name.....
Full address.....
Description.....
Date..... Signature.....

BHARAT COLLIERIES, LIMITED.

(Receipt to be retained by applicant to be exchanged for share certificate and/or debenture scrip.)

Received from.....the sum of Rupees.....
being the full amount of application money Preference shares of Rs. 100 each / Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each / Debentures of Rs. 1,000 each in the abovenamed Company.

Bankers.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Guj. B.Sc., Trained, Matric, & a qualified Hindustani teachers for a local school, in Bombay. Apply Box No. 5329, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately part time, full time, Typist or Stenographer, good English essential good remuneration offered to smart youg man, speed not essential Captain, Telephone 36367. (5331)

Wanted Influential Madrasee to take charge of a South Indian Bank's sub-Office in Matunga for part time. Good references and Cash Security essential. Apply Box No. 5335, "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted an expert in hand-printing on Textiles. Please apply in writing with full particulars regarding age, qualification and experience to Printing Dept., Kesoram Cotton Mills, Ltd., 8 Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta. (9362)

Wanted a Graduate having a broad acquaintance with Indian Economic Problems, knowing office routine and having ability at drafting for an organisation of standing in Bombay, on a remuneration between Rs. 150-200 p.m. including D.A. Apply Box No. 5328, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted immediately an honours, B.A., B.T. (Marathi and Sanskrit) Pay Rs. 70/- in the scale of Rs. 70-5-120, Dearness Allowance Rs. 10. See with application. Principal, Anandilal Podar High School, Santa Cruz. (9344)

Architectural Draughtsmen required for leading firm of Calcutta architects. Apply to Messrs. Pastakia & Bilimoria, Lakshmi Building, Sir P. Mehta Road, Bombay before 30th June. (5312)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Get Degrees and Diplomas, Medical Engineering, Law B.A., M.A., etc., from American Universities. Fees nominal. Prospectus from General Educational Agency, Amritsar. (5184)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

For your Railway Claims consult Ram Agency, Kartiki Buildings, Kazisayad Street, Mandvi 5305

Make more money with our "ten guaranteed Successful Secrets" send 8 as. Coloured Art Picture Free. Winnie Stores 12A, Jesson Street, Madras (5307)

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

Wanted Electric Photometer for use with Leica Camera state type, price Box No. 5291, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Ball-Light Candlesticks and Vilco Sealing wax Stocks now available. M. L. Industries, Bunder Road, Karachi. (9351)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

IT HAS BEEN NOTICED that holders of yarn licences are not observing the conditions (printed overleaf the licence forms) under which the licences are issued to them.

It is hereby notified that these conditions should be strictly adhered to failing which the licensees will render themselves liable for the cancellation of their licences.

S. D VASHIST.
Yarn Commissioner.
Old Custom House Yard,
Fort, Bombay. (9269)

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE LOCAL HEAD OFFICE and CITY BRANCHES of the Bank will be CLOSED on SATURDAY, the 1st July, 1944, as the Government of Bombay has declared that day a Public Holiday in the City of Bombay under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, to enable Banks to make up their half-yearly accounts.

N. G. IRVINE,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay, 22nd June, 1944. (9365)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED in the prescribed form (available on request) from candidates with B.Ag., B.Com., and B.A. (with History and Economics) degrees to work as auditors of Co-operative Societies on Rs. 60 P.M. in the grade of Rs. 60-5-2-80 with prospects of confirmation, before the 15th July, 1944. Canvassing will disqualify the candidate.

REGISTRAR,
Co-operative Societies,
Baroda State, BARODA. (9353)

PUBLIC NOTICE

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

LICENCES for the import of goods falling under Parts I to V of the Import Trade Control schedule from any country, which are valid for shipment in the period January-June 1944, will, subject to the following exceptions, stand automatically revalidated to cover shipment up to the 31st December, 1944, and do not require formal revalidation by the licensing authorities:—

EXCEPTIONS:

(1) Prepayment licences.
(2) Old licences for imports of tinned milk, butter and cheese (Serial Nos. 8 and 10 in Part IV), i.e., licences which were originally valid for July-December 1943 or an earlier period.

F. CHAUDHURI,
Dy. Chief Controller of Imports.
New Custom House,
Bombay, the 26th June, 1944. (9374)

G.I.P. RAILWAY

CLOSING OF EUROPEAN LIGHT REFRESHMENT ROOM AT HOTGI

WITH EFFECT from 1st July, 1944, the European Light Refreshment Room at Hotgi will be closed down. (9375)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE VASANT INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

ISSUE OF NEW SHARES

(Consent of the Central Government has been obtained to this issue under Defence of India Rule, 94-A. It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any scheme or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinion expressed with regard to them.)

We have pleasure to announce that:—

The Board of Directors have resolved to issue 14,000 New Shares of Rs. 50/- each on which Rs. 25/- per share shall be paid up. They will be offered in the first instance according to Section 105C of the Indian Companies Act to the share holders of the Company in the proportion of SEVEN New shares for every THREE existing shares held by them.

The Circular and the Application forms in this connection will be sent to those shareholders whose name stand on the Register of Shareholders of the Company on the **15th July, 1944.**

The Share transfer books of the Company will be closed from 16th July, 1944, to 22nd July, 1944, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
ASHOK H. KAJI,
Managing Director.
26, A. Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road,
Fort, Bombay. (9346)

CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, BOMBAY

INVITES TENDER No. PSY/FLIP/240/C on form obtainable for Rs. 2/- per set (not refundable or transferable) paid in cash or by M.O. (quoting Tender Number, full name and address of remitter) before 4 P.M. on 3-7-44 for:—

STORE	QUANTITY	PARTICULARS
(1) Cases Canvas large and small for instruments.	No. 24	As per Specfn. No. MED/IGS/62 & Drawing No. 17.

Applicants not on approved Supply Department list must give Banker's reference on application for Tender form. (9360)

NOTICE

STOCKS OF COAL AND COKE

IT HAS BEEN SEEN that in addition to those in receipt of priority supply under the Provincial Distribution Scheme there are a number of dealers and merchants trading in Coal and Coke. All dealers and consumers of Coal and Coke in receipt of priority supply and all other dealers and merchants trading in Coal and Coke as well as other industrial consumers using Coal and Coke are hereby informed that they should declare the correct stocks of Coal and Coke held by them on 1ST OF EACH MONTH to this office and should see that their stock statements are received by the undersigned on or before the 5TH OF THE MONTH.

The declaration should be submitted in the following Form :—

Business name and address:—

Kind of Coal/Coke* (Steam Coal, Hard Coke, Soft Coke, etc.)	Grade of Coal/Coke*	Quantity: On own account	Quantity: On account of other parties, if any with details.	Address of the godown or plot where stock is kept

*Stocks of different kinds should be shown separately.

Non-submission of the correct stocks will be severely dealt with.

S. D. VASHIST,
Provincial Coal Controller.
9324

This is not a Prospectus Inviting Application for Shares but an Announcement.

The NATIONAL CHEMICAL & SALT WORKS (INDIA) LTD.

(Incorporated under Indian Companies Act 1913)

The Company, with the consent of the Examiner of Capital Issues under the Defence of India Rule 94A, has issued New Shares of nominal value of Rs. 9,00,000/- (Nine Lacs) in 90,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each, payable as follows:—

Rs. 2/- with Application, Rs. 2/- on Allotment and the balance Rs. 6/- in 3 equal instalments according to call.

An Admission Fee of Re. 1/- is payable with each application.

The Company has maintained Brilliant and *unequalled* progress with the minimum paid up Capital.

FACTORIES { No. 1 at Gurubal (Chilka) Orrisa. / No. 2 at Naupada (Vizag) Madras. Also equipped with Crushing Machineries.

DIVIDENDS { 1940 @ 6½% Free of Income-Tax. / 1941 @ 6½% ,, ,, / 1942 @ 7½% ,, ,, / 1943 @ 5% (Interim) ,,

LATEST PRODUCTION: TABLE SALT.

Preliminaries for starting a Salt Factory in Bengal on most upto-date plan is proceeding briskly.

For Prospectus and other informations please communicate with

THE CENTRAL TRADERS—*Managing Agents.*
5, Commercial Buildings. Clive Street, Calcutta.
Tele: NACSALT. Phone: Calcutta 4284.

Consent of the Central Government has been obtained to this issue under Defence of India Rule 94A. It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent Gov't of India do not take any responsibility of the financial soundness of any scheme or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them.

MP 284

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts from the natives of the Province of Bombay and below the age of twenty-five. In case of Backward and Intermediate communities including Muslims, this age limit will be relaxed by three years.

ASSISTANT CHEMISTS (220-10-360-20-440) Candidates should have M.Sc. degree in organic chemistry and research experience in organic chemistry for at least two years after post-graduate work (Age limit is 30 years for these posts).

ASSISTANT TECHNICIANS (90-5-160-5-200) Candidates should have B.Sc. degree with chemistry. Those having knowledge of organic chemistry will be preferred.

TYPIST-CLERKS (50-5-2-90) Candidates must be Matriculates and must have good typing speed and fair knowledge of shorthand and/or accounts.

LABORATORY ASSISTANTS (50-5/2-90) Candidates must be Matriculates and must have laboratory experience. These posts have the benefit of free quarters when available.

Apply with full details to the Director, Haffkine Institute, Bombay, 12, before the 5th July, 1944. (9373)

POWELLS LIMITED, BOMBAY.

ANNUAL STOCK-TAKING:

Our establishment will remain closed on account of Annual-stock-taking on the 27th, 28th 29th, and 30th June, 1944. The Dispensing Department will remain open as usual. (9366)

CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, BOMBAY.

INVITES TENDERS No. BSY/GABS/1031 on form obtainable for Rs. 5/- (Rupees Five only) per set (not transferable or refundable) paid in cash or M.O. (quoting Tender Number, full name and address of remitter) before 4 P.M. on 7th July, 1944 for:

BRUSHES CLOTHES
8" x 2½"—30,000 Nos.

Applicants not on approved Supply Department list must give Banker's reference on application for Tender form. (9359)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for several posts of temporary clerks at Bombay and Dohad in the scale of Rs. 30-4-50. Starting pay for Matriculates will be Rs. 40/- P.M. plus 20% Bombay allowance if stationed in Bombay plus dearness allowance at the rates admissible.

Minimum educational qualification required is Matriculation or its equivalent, men with higher qualifications or experience will be started on a higher salary.

Applications must be submitted to the Controller of Stores on prescribed forms which can be had from the Controller of Stores B.B. & C.I. Railway, Mahalaxmi, Bombay, or The Assistant Supdt. of Stores, B.B. & C.I. Railway, Dohad at Re. 1/- each. Forms will not be sent by V.P.P. (9372)

THE BOMBAY YARN EXCHANGE LTD.

FOR THE INFORMATION OF MEMBERS.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Exchange at their meeting held on 17th June, 1944, have passed the following resolutions:

That the Board looks with disapproval any contravention of the Provisions of the Cotton Cloth & Yarn Control Order 1943 by any member of the Exchange and strongly recommends to the members of the Exchange that they should carry on business in strict compliance with the Provisions of the said Order or any Order that may hereafter be made by the Government, otherwise any non-compliance with the said Order is likely to attract very drastic measures.

That a Committee of the Directors Seth Sankalchand G. Shah, Seth Kantilal Nahalchand and Seth Gordhandas Jadhavji, is appointed to advise and guide the members of the Exchange with regard to the Provisions of the orders under the Cotton Cloth & Yarn Control Order 1943.

By Order,
H. M. TALATI,
Secretary.
Hanuman Bldg., Tambakanta,
Bombay, dated 26th June, 1944. (9369)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN for the information of the public that authenticated Assessment List of the Parle-Andheri Borough Municipality for the year 1944-45 has been deposited at the Municipal Office at Gazder Hall, Andheri and is open for inspection to all owners and occupiers of properties in the Municipal Area or their Agents during office hours.

M. B. SCREWVALA,
Chief Officer,
Parle-Andheri Borough Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Gazder Hall, Andheri,
Dated 25th June, 1944. (9376)

THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policies Nos. 5204 and 10877 on the life of Mr. Hormasji M. Kharas duplicate policies will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

K. BALASUBRAHMANYAM,
Ag. Manager & Actuary.
Bombay, 26th June, 1944. (5330)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE TO BOMBAY REGIONAL MOTOR OWNERS

OWNERS of the Motor Vehicles, residing in the Bombay Region are informed that the first quarter of the financial year 1944-1945 of the Motor Vehicles tax ends on 30-6-44. All owners who have paid the tax upto 30-6-44 should, therefore, pay or remit now to the Motor Vehicles and Taxation Department, Gymnasium Road off Cruickshank Road, Bombay, further tax for one or more quarters of the financial year 1944-1945, so that it may be credited on or before 15-7-1944. Payments will be accepted on any working day between 10-30 A.M. and 2-30 P.M. and on Saturdays between 10-30 A.M. and 12-30 P.M.

Cheques should be drawn in favour of the Dy. Commissioner of Police, M.V. & Taxation Bombay, or the Executive Officer, R.T.A., Bombay. When the tax is paid by cheques, the tax tokens and the Registration certificates will be issued only after the cheques are encashed by the bank. Any delay in payment of tax due to any irregularity or otherwise will render the owner or the person in possession of the motor vehicle liable to a penalty. Third party cheques will not be accepted.

Owners of motor vehicles bearing Extra Provincial or State Registration marks should note that the 15 days grace period does not apply to them and that the tax due should be paid on or before the expiry of the tax tokens if any issued to them and in the case of new arrivals a report of arrival should be submitted to the nearest Registering Authority within seven days of the date of entering the Province.

Motor Owners are further informed that under Rule 26 of the Bombay Motor Vehicles Tax Rules, 1940 nonuse intimation should be sent so as to reach this office on or before 30-6-44 the date of expiry of the period upto which tax has been paid.

(Sd) E. SHEEHY,
Dy. Commissioner of Police,
M. V. & Taxation, Bombay.
M. V. & Taxation Department,
Gymnasium Road Off Cruickshank Road, Fort, BOMBAY (9367)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a temporary post in the Residency Office, Kolhapur of Superintendent in the Food Branch on Rs. 250/- P. M. in the scale of Rs. 250-10-300.

2. The post will last until such time as the Food Grain Scheme of the Government of India is discontinued.

3. Applicants with commercial experience and a knowledge of typewriting and office routine will have preference.

4. Applications should reach the undersigned on or before the 5th July, 1944

(Sd.) RODERICK PARKES,
Secretary to the Resident for Kolhapur & the Deccan States.
Kolhapur Residency,
Deccan, 22nd June, 1944. (9364)

NOTICE

THE APOLLO MILLS LIMITED.

APPLICATION has been received by the Directors of this Company to issue duplicates of the share certificates for 200 shares of the Company, Nos 2121476 to 2121675, standing in the name of Mr. Natverlal Mohanlal Esq., of Bombay, upon the statement that the original certificates have been lost. And Notice is hereby given that if within 30 days from the date hereof, no claim or representation in respect of such original certificates is made to the said Directors at the registered office of the Company situated at DeLisle Road, Chinchpokli, Bombay, 11, they will then proceed to deal with such application for issue of duplicate share certificates.

J. S. DAWDA,
Secretary.
Bombay, Dated 27-6-44. (9371)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the public that Mr. KARANSINH VARJIWANDAS VARMA has separated from the joint family consisting of himself and our clients after taking his share in the joint family properties on partition. Our clients are now the sole owners of the business carried on in the name of Messrs. V. M. VARMA in papers, etc., at Dhunji Street and under the name and style of Karnodaya Litho Press at Jairajbhai Lane, Foras Road, Bombay, and also of the immovable property known as Varma House and situate at Khetwadi Main Road, Bombay. The said Karansinh Varjiwandas Varma has now no right, title, interest, claim, or demand in the said Paper Business or the Litho Press or in the said immovable Property. Any person dealing with the said Karansinh Varjiwandas Varma in the name of the said firm of Messrs. V. M. Varma, or on the security of the above businesses or property will do so at his risk and our clients will not be liable for repayment of the claims if any.

Bombay, dated this 24th day of June, 1944.

RATILAL & CO.,
Attorneys for Udayasinh Varjiwandas Varma, Sharadchandra Varjiwandas Varma, Mahendrasinh Varjiwandas Varma, Bharatsinh Varjiwandas and Bai Vrajwati widow of Varjiwandas Manchharam Varma. (9338)

REVISION OF INCOME TAX RATE FOR CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE URGED

Several questions of considerable importance to the Insurance business in India were touched by Mr. Madhavlal M. Bhatt, J.P., presiding at the 14th Annual General Meeting of the Bombay Co-operative Insurance Society Ltd., on Saturday the 24th June, 1944. He expressed deep satisfaction at the reduction in expenses, as revealed by the Annual Report & Balance Sheet which was later on passed by the Meeting. The expense ratio was 29.13% overall and 14.36% renewal respectively. In view of the increased new business amounting to Rs. 39,27,619 that was done by the Society in the year 1943, which showed an increase of over 70% in the business turnover over the previous year's figures, the reduction in the expense ratio was a remarkable achievement.

Due to the increased funds, the question of investments became one of great importance. Mr. Bhatt therefore emphasised that, since in the business of life assurance the yield on investments played a very important part, barring expenses, difficulties would crop up sooner or later unless the accumulated funds could be invested in such a manner as to obtain at least the yield anticipated and provided for in the premium rates. This question for the Society, he stressed, had another aspect in that Society was working under a double handicap, viz., restrictions under Section 27 of the Insurance Act and Section 37 of the Co-operative Societies' Act.

The other important point he touched was about the rate of income-tax and the limits of expenses allowed under the first year's and renewal premiums for purposes of determining the profits of a Life Office under the Income-Tax Act. He dwelt at length on the particular position of the Society in this regard and wished that the Central Government would fix the rate for the Society at 45 pies in the rupee instead of at 54 pies obtaining at present.

Before concluding, Mr. Bhatt appealed to all the Co-operative Societies in and out of the Province to exercise the spirit of co-operation on a wider basis, so that a Society may work for each of the other Socities and each one of them may work for all whereby, he felt, the various Co-operative Societies working in their respective spheres could give the Insurance Society a helping hand to render its valuable service to the urban and rural masses.

He thanked all the Chief Agents and the Secretary and the Agency Manager for helping the Society to achieve its present position.

The Meeting concluded after passing the Annual Report & Accounts for the year 1943 and electing the Auditors and Actuaries for the current year.

The UNITED COMMERCIAL BANK LTD.

Paid-up Capital Rs. One Crore
Chairman: G. D. Birla Esq.

Leading House for Security & Service

Figures That Reflect Confidence

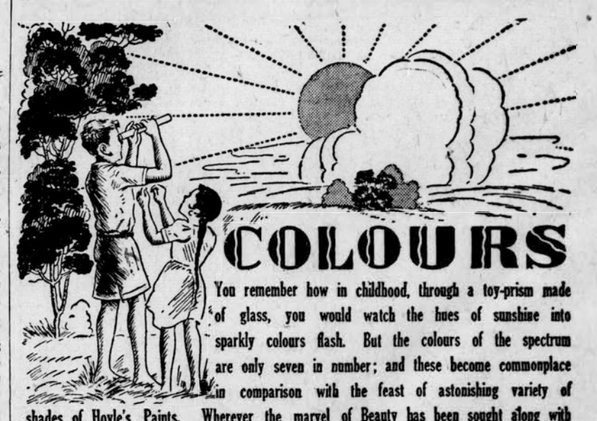
New Business over 2 Crores 20 Lakhs
(Increase of nearly One Crore over last year)

Enquiries solicited under our Expansion Scheme

Please 'phone or write to Branch Manager

Business in force Exceeds 10½ Crores
Total Assets ,, 2½ Crores
Life Fund ,, 2 1/3 Crores

LAKSHMI
INSU. ANCE CO., LTD. LAHORE
BRANCHES ALL OVER INDIA.
Bombay:—LAKSHMI BLDG., Fort, Phone 21109
HYDERABAD:—Abid Road (Dn.)



COLOURS

You remember how in childhood, through a toy-prism made of glass, you would watch the hues of sunshine into sparkly colours flash. But the colours of the spectrum are only seven in number; and these become commonplace in comparison with the feast of astonishing variety of shades of Hoyle's Paints. Wherever the marvel of Beauty has been sought along with faultless Protection, Hoyle's Paints, ripened by an experience of nearly a century and a half, have 'come off with flying colours.' This wonder-range of shades, due to war, is now 'rationed' indeed, but the days are not far off when you may again partake of this rich variety.

HOYLES HISTORIC Paints
HOYLE, ROBSON, BARNETT & Co. (INDIA) Ltd. CALCUTTA
Bombay Office:—75, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay

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